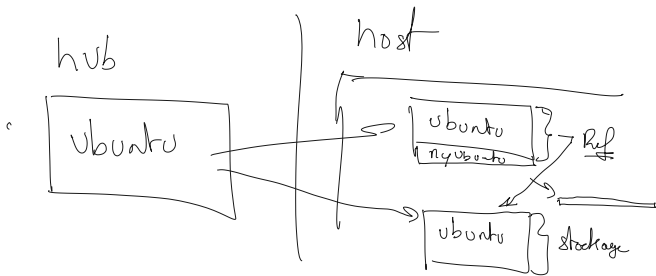


Installer Docker et vérifier avec
docker info

Exercice :

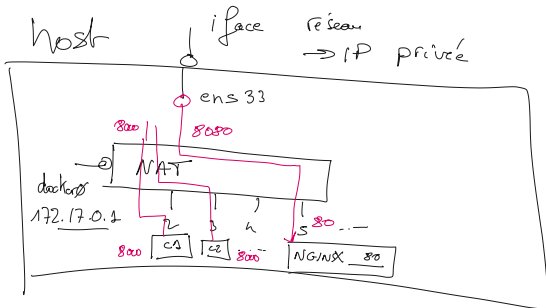
Lancez un ubuntu, centos, ...

Et affichez le root filesystem de vos distributions, mais sans entrer dans le conteneur (via la surcharge de la commande par défaut)



Exercice :

fabriquez votre image selon vos préférences avec docker container
commit



Dockerfile

Dockerfile . build

docker image create -t imagetemp

docker container create --name temp
imagetemp

docker container cp
<extraire du temp> : local

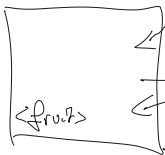
rm /temp
image temp

Docker image build <fichier>
(avec fichier extrait)

< Code Source >

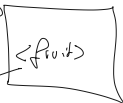
image do build

injecte



Computat-ion

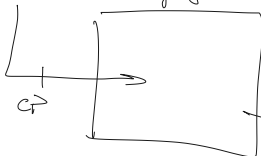
Container (create)



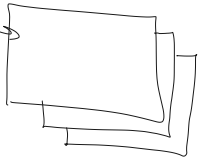
local:

<fruit>

image file



Containers
Run



depuis on
docker image build -t myhello
--build-arg NOM = x
PRENOM = Y

⇒ Créer une Dockerfile unique qui :

```
FROM busybox  
ARG NOM  
ARG PRENOM  
echo > script.sh  
FROM _____  
END script.sh
```

afficher le nom
PRENOM
↑

docker container run -it myhello
Hello x Y

Suppression des images intermédiaires :

docker images -q -f "dangling=true" | xargs docker rmi

Hub:

image
build

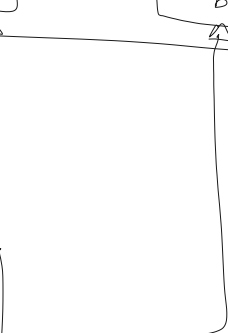
image
elb
base

Dockerfile:

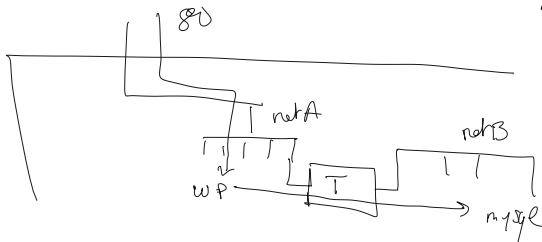
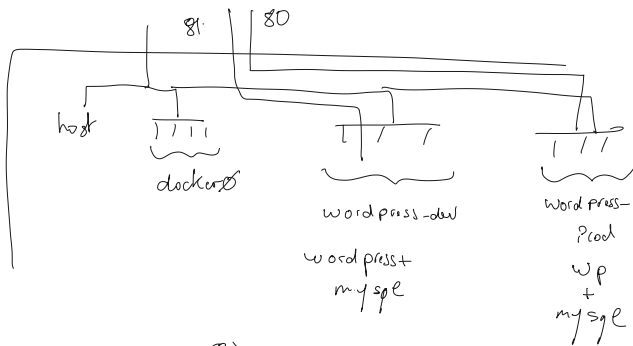
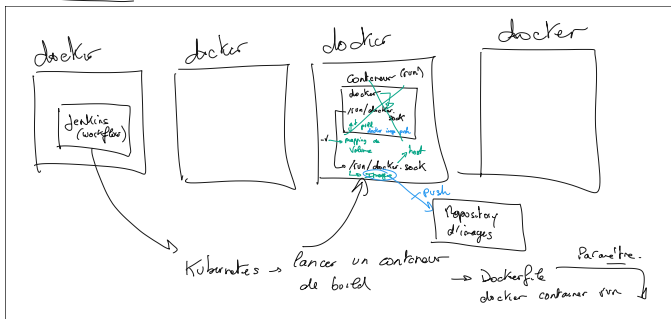
build

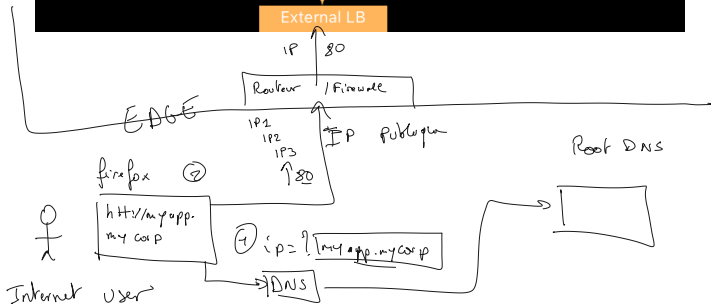
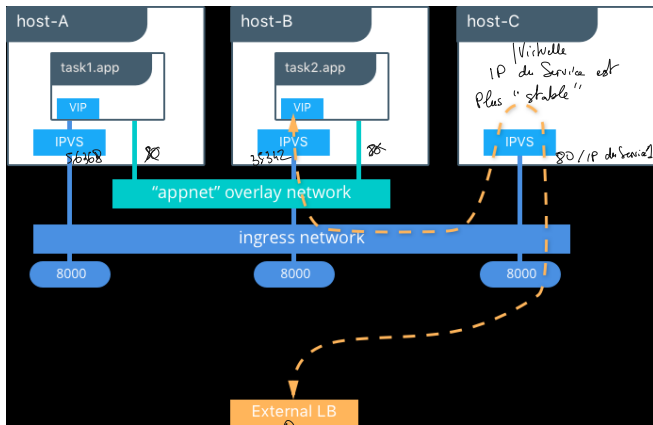
finds

recovery



cluster:





st1

s1 : 80

s2

Net : st1

st2

s3 : 80

Net st2

